

Risk & Compliance

# Internal Audit & Control Framework

## Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to establish a unified Internal Audit & Control Framework for B&S Investments that ensures the integrity, transparency, and effectiveness of internal operations across the Group. As a Saudi-rooted investment company operating in exhibitions, manufacturing, tourism, creative content, hospitality, and digital ventures, a strong internal audit function is essential to protect corporate assets, assess control effectiveness, ensure regulatory compliance, and drive continuous improvement.

## Scope

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This policy applies to the Group Internal Audit Department, the Board Audit & Risk Committee, executive management, functional leaders, and all departments and subsidiaries of B&S Investments, including both local and international operations. It covers all operational, financial, compliance, strategic, and information systems activities, whether conducted directly or through partnerships, vendors, or third parties.

## Policy Statement

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B&S Investments is committed to maintaining a robust and independent internal audit function that provides risk-based assurance, advisory services, and objective evaluations of the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls, governance practices, and risk management processes.

- This policy also sets the foundation for internal controls across the organization, ensuring that:
- Risks are identified, assessed, and mitigated through preventive and detective controls
- Business processes are efficient, compliant, and resilient
- Financial reporting is accurate and transparent
- Fraud, misconduct, and inefficiencies are detected and prevented
- Regulatory and policy obligations are consistently upheld

The internal audit function reports functionally to the Board Audit & Risk Committee and administratively to the Group CEO, maintaining full independence and unrestricted access to all records, employees, and functions..

## Roles & Responsibilities

Role	Responsibility
<b>Board Audit &amp; Risk Committee</b>	Approves audit plans, reviews findings, oversees the internal audit function, and ensures audit independence and objectivity
<b>Group CEO &amp; Executive Management</b>	Supports implementation of audit recommendations, reinforces a culture of accountability, and ensures adequate resourcing for the internal control environment
<b>Group Head of Internal Audit</b>	Develops and executes the risk-based audit plan, reports findings to the Audit Committee, and provides advisory support to strengthen controls and processes
<b>Department Heads &amp; Functional Leaders</b>	Own and manage internal controls within their areas, respond to audit findings, and implement corrective actions
<b>All Employees &amp; Contractors</b>	Must comply with internal controls, cooperate with auditors, and report control breaches or process failures

## Procedures & Implementation

### 1. Audit Planning

- A Group-wide Risk-Based Internal Audit Plan is prepared annually and approved by the Audit & Risk Committee
- The plan covers operational audits, financial reviews, compliance audits, IT controls, and strategic initiative reviews

- Flexibility is maintained to include unplanned audits in response to incidents, whistleblower reports, or external triggers

## **2. Audit Execution**

- Audits are conducted using professional standards (e.g., Institute of Internal Auditors - IIA)
- Each audit includes planning, fieldwork, reporting, and follow-up phases
- Audit ratings (Satisfactory, Needs Improvement, Unsatisfactory) are assigned, along with prioritized recommendations

## **3. Internal Controls Framework**

- Internal controls are classified as:
- Preventive: Access controls, approval workflows, policy enforcement
- Detective: Reconciliations, system alerts, internal reporting lines
- Corrective: Remediation plans, disciplinary measures, and system adjustments
- Controls must be documented, regularly tested, and updated in response to business changes
- Each department is responsible for embedding controls into daily operations

## **4. Issue Management & Follow-Up**

- All findings must have action owners, due dates, and resolution tracking in the audit system
- Quarterly status reports are submitted to the Audit Committee, highlighting overdue or high-risk issues
- Persistent non-compliance is escalated to executive leadership and, if needed, the Board

## **5. Whistleblower-Driven Audits**

- Internal Audit may be directed to conduct investigations in response to whistleblower reports
- Investigations follow a documented protocol and ensure confidentiality and legal compliance

## **6. Control Self-Assessments (CSAs)**

- Business units may be required to conduct periodic CSAs to evaluate their own control environments
- CSAs are reviewed by Internal Audit for accuracy and completeness

## 7. Technology Integration

- Internal Audit uses digital audit management tools for planning, evidence collection, reporting, and analytics
- ERP systems and governance platforms must reflect real-time control triggers and logs

## Monitoring & Review

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The Internal Audit & Control Framework will be reviewed every 18 months by the Group Head of Internal Audit in consultation with the Audit & Risk Committee and Compliance Office.

Review criteria include:

- Changes in regulatory or reporting requirements
- Internal audit performance metrics (e.g., audit completion rate, resolution timeliness)
- Emerging risks, fraud patterns, and process inefficiencies
- Feedback from business units and external auditors

Key indicators such as control failure rates, audit ratings, and policy breach trends will be presented quarterly to the Audit Committee.

## Associated Documents

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- Annual Internal Audit Plan
- Internal Audit Charter
- Audit & Risk Committee Terms of Reference
- Risk Management Framework
- Regulatory Compliance Policy
- Delegation of Authority Policy
- Whistleblower Protection Policy
- Control Self-Assessment Guidelines
- Digital Audit Tools SOP